ME IS VOUCHED FOR BY THE ADVI-SORY BOARD OF THE A. P. A.

It Says the Ohio Candidate Indorsed the Principles of the Order in a Recent Interview.

NO ONE ON THE BLACKLIST

ALL REPUBLICAN FAVORITE SONS ACCEPTABLE TO THE SOCIETY.

Sepator Dubois's Course in Congress Indorsed by the Idaho Republican State Convention.

WASHINGTON, May 16 .- To-day's session of the American Protective Association's Supreme Council was the most interesting of executive committee of the advisory board in blacklisting Mr. McKinley as a presidential candidate was to be reviewed. The report of the advisory board on the action upon Mr. McKinley. But, in addition, it states that a further examination of this liable and that their statements were incorrect. Therefore, the board concluded, Mr. McKinley should be placed on the same footing, so far as members of the A. P. A. are concerned, with the other candidates for presidential nominations and should not be discriminated against. Appended to the re-Haddleson, of California, who asserts that terviewed Mr. McKinley at his home in Cancommittee are stated to have been delegates Van Fossen, of Washington, and C. E. Sept, State chairman of Kentucky: The morning session was devoted to con-

was adopted to establish the permanent headquarters in Washington and to make it obligatory on the supreme president and supreme secretary to reside here. A second amendment takes away the privilege of seats in the Supreme Council from presidents and past presidents of State councils, except recommendation of Supreme President Traytor that the right be vested in the supreme president to arbitrarily remove State officers be aken away was carried into effect by

The afternoon session was consumed in facts regarding the alleged activity of the Roman Catholic Church in politics. The

"The unified organization of the Roman Catholic Church is politically centralized at the national capital in its papal legation, and on Oct. 2, 1895, the American Catholic hierarchy made a significant reorganization of the Bureau of Catholic Indian dissions, making the controlling board of Eastern men located in the pivotal centers of population rather than Western men lo-cated near the Indians. Priest Stephen, who is continued as director, says: 'We have kept quiet too long; we have been badly treated; we propose now to stand by those who stand by us.'"

The preamble also charges that one branch of the War Department is dominated by the Catholic Church; that under this administration the per cent. of Catholic employes was increased from 29 to 47 per cent.; that the Pension Bureau is controlled by the church, and that a member of the Cabinet has said two-thirds of the clerks certified to his department by the Civil-service Commission were members of that church. Resolutions were also adopted denouncing the action of the Senate in confirming the nomination of Colonel Coppinger to be briganomination of Colonel Coppinger to be briga-dled general, on the ground that he owes his allegiance to another power than the United

At half-past 7 to-night the council met was necessary to sit all night. The Mc-Kinley question was the first on the pro-gramme. Following is the full report of the advisory board, which was adopted at to-day's session of the council, practically with-

"We, your national advisory board, beg leave to most respectfully make the following report: Your board finds, after investigation, that there is no reason why any of the following candidates for the Republican nomination for the presidency of the United States in the campaign of 1896 may not be supported: The Hon. Wm. B. Allison, of Iowa; the Hon. Thomas B. Reed, of Maine; the Hon. Marthew Quay, of Pennsylvania; the Hon. Shelby M. Cullom, of Illinois; Governor Bradley, of Kentucky; the Hon. Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana; the Hon. Levi P. Morton, of New York; the Hon. William McKinley, of Ohio. Regarding the matter heretofore appearing in the public press relative to Governor McKinley, we find that it was sustained by the evidence in the posseswas sustained by the evidence in the posses-sion of the legislative committee of this board at the time of publication, but subsequently statements received by this board from the special committee sent by authority of this board to interview Governor Mc-Kinley show that he denies and explains the greater part of the matter contained in said evidence and which statements are accepted by this board. Said committee also report that in said interview with McKinley, he fully and unequivocally inforsed the principles of this order and in order that no injustice may be done him, we recommend that so much of this action as may be deemed wise may be given to the press for publication. We also find that the action of the legislative committee of this board relative to same was taken in good faith by the committee and this board, in believing that under the action of the su-preme council, session of May, 1835, as shown in page 166 of the proceedings, conferred upon them full power to do as they did. No candidates of any other political party have been investigated for the reason that nave been investigated for the reason that none have yet come before the public sufficiently prominent to demand an investigation by this order. We also recommend that provision he made to ascertain the attitude toward the principles of this order of any and all candidates for place on national tickets to the cnd that the members of this order may be able to act and vote intelligently."

officers for the coming year were elected as follows: President, J. W. Echols, of Atlanta, Ga.; vice president, Henry S. Williams, of Beston; secretary of state, H. H. J. Swaye, of California; chaplain, W. H. Gotwold, of Washington, D. C. At 12:15 a. m. the council adjourned until Monday for the transaction of unfinished business.

DUBOIS'S COURSE UPHELD.

Position of the Senator on Silver Backed by Idaho Republicans. POCATELLO, Ida., May 16 .- The Republican State convention met here to-day and proved a harmonious gathering. The Dubois men were in control by about 180 to 70. The financial plank is very emphatic and comprehensive. It begins:

\*Whereas, The Republican convention of 1888 declared in favor of gold and silver as the standard money of the United States and condemned the action of the Democratic party for its efforts in attempting to demonetize silver, and.

"Whereas, The Republican national convention of 1892 substantially reiterated the declaration of 1888, and

"Whereas The question of crystallizing into "Whereas, The question of crystallizing into the law the utterances the last two conven-tions named and of every utterance hereto-fore made by the Republican party of this State recently arose in the United States

"Whereas, The Republican convention of

"Whereas, Senators Harry M. Teller, Fred P. Dubois, Thomas H. Carter, Lee Mantle and Frank Cannon demanded the enforcement of said platform and utterances, under conditions known to all, therefore be it "Resolved. That we heartly indorse the ction of Senator Dubois in joining with his esociates named in the fearless position

named in behalf of the free coinage of silver and protection to American industry and reciprocity, one and inseparable."

The resolutions then state that free coinage of silver would open to the United States the immense trade of China and Japan, and instructs the delegates from this State to work for a silver man in the St. Louis convention. The delegates are Senator Dubois, ex-Congressman Sweet, A. B. Campbell of Shoshone, Lytieton Price of Blaine, M. B. Gwynne of Canyon and Benjamin Erichs of Fremont.

is: For Senator, J. C. Pritchard; Governor, Daniel L. Russell; attorney-general, Z. U.

nated for electors at large. The delegates

for McKinley. They are: Senator Pritchard,
James E. Boyd, George H. White and
Claude M. Bernard. The financial plank
reads: "We favor the use of gold and silver
as standard money and the restrictionsh

as standard money and the restoration of silver to its functions and dignity as a

The Money Question in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 16. - The currency

campaign in Georgia, preliminary to the

State convention on the 6th of June, has

broken out with remarkable vehemence in

this (Fulton) county, which promises to be

next few weeks. An organization of young

been formed and has enrolled 1,247 names during the first week of its existence. This

has aroused the advocates of free coinage,

Texas, to come to Atlanta and presid

Wednesday evening at the formation of a free-silver league. To meet this the Young

swer Mr. Bailey on Thursday evening. The

Altgeld Talks for Silver.

CHICAGO, May 16 .- Despite a severe rain-

storm, the Auditorium was filled this even-

times which lately have afflicted the countr

to the destroying of silver as a money metal

He declared himself heartily in favor of an

on, if it could be reached, but said that h

thought this country large enough to stand alone. The address was confined entirely

to the silver question and was greeted with

New York Republican Committee.

State committee held a forty-five minute

mending the work of the last Legislature,

mittee consisting of Edward Lauterbach, William Goodrich, Wm. Barnes, jr., John T.

Mott and Charles W. Alexander to revise the report of the committee on the work of the last Legislature and prepare it in the

form of a statement. There was no action taken on the subject of presidential candi-

Two More Votes for McKinley.

nominated by the Republicans for Congress-

man in the Fourth district to-day. Joseph

Bidwell and Thomas Shaughnessy were

named as delegates to the national conven-

tion. A resolution instructing the delegates for McKinley was adopted by acclamation.

IS THE WEDDING RING GOING!

Is on the Wane.

For two thousand years, ever since the

tomans plighted their troth with a tiny iron

band, the magic circlet has kept its hold

upon the world, but will that hold be as firm in the future? It must be remembered that, after all, the ring is nothing more

ring is not necessary to complete the legal

Nor are signs wanting that its star is al-ready on the wane. The engagement ring may be regarded as doomed, since Princess

May substituted an engagement bracelet for

the conventional ring of betrothal. She has not, indeed, declined the "mystic symbol of the union of hearts" presented by the Welsh

people to the Duke of York, but the refusal

of the engagement ring might quite fairly be regarded as the first step in the path

oward the abolition of its more, important

the wedding ring. The ring was adopted as the outward and visible sign of power and

authority. In the olden days, when mes-sages were sent by word of mouth, it was the custom, in order to prove the authen-

ticity of the bearer, to intrust him with

Thus, when a man took unto himself

wife, whom he placed at the head of his household, that delegated authority was made visible to the world by conferring

upon her the all-potent ring, the only dis-

on the left hand—as being the inferior hand of the two—whilst the man, as lord and

master, carried his upon the right or su-

In a day, therefore, when the woman

claims the authority in her own right, and scornfully repudiates the idea of being "delegated." it would be only consistent for them to refuse the symbol. If, indeed, there should

be a conferring of rings at all, it would be more in keeping with the man to receive it, since the spirit of the age is all in favor of his being the delegated authority. It is

not generally known that in all there are about twenty-four different makes of rings and three qualities of gold. The cheap quali-ty is in favor with the Scotch and Irish,

whilst in the north of England heavy rings are in demand. Of the two styles of ring— the round and the broad sort—the popular

taste most approves the latter as being most showy. The wants of the United Kingdom in this respect are supplied, for the most

part, by Birmingham, where the trade is so brisk that it is no uncommon thing for one establishment to turn out batches of from sixty to seventy dozen a week, and, so far as

we can see at present, there seems no pros-pect of any decay in their thriving trade.

THE BICYCLE AND TEMPERANCE.

Regarded as an Agency in the Prac-

tical Work of Reform.

The bicycle is now proudly posing as a

recognition in business circles as the foe of various industries. It reduced the price of horses, seriously damaged the carriage

builders, cut into the earnings of street rail-ways, diminished the box receipts of thea-

ters, subtracted from the attendance at churches, and, more recently, forced itself as free baggage on all the railroads in New York and Ohio. Now it is winning distinc-

tion as the enemy of another branch of bus-iness—that of the saloon keeper. And as the distiller and brewer stand behind the re-

tall dealer in stimulants, their interests are

The St. Louis Republic enthusiastically

thouts the praises of the bicycle as an

agency in the practical work of temperance. It places it far ahead of the gold cure, but we do not see how they can operate on the same line or on competing lines. The gold cure is for habitual drunkards,

and they do not, for obvious reasons, greatly affect the wheel. But the Republic cheerfully notes that the newspaper and maga-

zine writers have already begun to comment

on the change in the habits of young men

who are given to bicycling. Instead of wast-

ing their idle hours in saloons or lounging

bout the boarding houses, we are assured

hat the wheelmen have taken to the country roads, and that they "eschew intoxi-

can imagine a tired wheelman far out on the road looking with toleration, at least,

at a sign on a country store bearing the legend, "Lager beer on ice." We can even imagine that weary traveler riding up to that store, dismounting, investing a dime in a bottle of that beverage and irrigating his oesophagus therewith. But we have no

his oesophagus therewith. But we have no doubt that in a general and natural way, bicycling is promotive of temperance. It takes the wheelman away from the saloons in the first place, and that is a long step toward temperance. And the fact that hard drinking disqualifies one for riding the wheel is another factor in the alleged reform. All wholesome amusements are helps toward temperate living

Isador P. Smith, long a member of the Chi-ago fire department, was last night instant-y killed by coming in contact with a live

This may be somewhat optimistic.

omoter of temperance. It long since won

Washington Post.

also threatened.

the signet ring of the sender

than a symbol-that the putting on of

Pearson's Weekly.

ontract of marriage.

CHICAGO, May 16 .- D. W. Mills was

session to-day and passed resolutions com

NEW YORK, May 16 .- The Republican

much applause by the audience.

were due entirely to the great reduction

and they have invited Congressman Bailey

fove That Caused a Sensation in Po-North Carolina Republican Ticket. RALEIGH, N. C., May 16 .- The Republican litical Circles, and May Lead to Reconvention adjourned about 4 o'clock this arrangement of Party Lines. morning. The complete ticket nominated

ADVOCATES OF HOME RULE.

BICYCLE INVENTION Walser; auditor, Ruff Henderson; justice of the Supreme Court, R. M. Douglass. The other places were left open in thehope that the Populists will continue fusion. H. A. Guoger and I. J. Spears were nomi-

EASY RIDING MACHINE THAT DOES NOT NEED PNEUMATIC TIRES.

Progress of the Anglo-Egyptian Expedition Up the Nile-Moscow Filling Up with Sight-Seers.

money metal. We are opposed to the retir-ing of the greenbacks, the money of the people, the money favored by Lincoln. We are opposed to the issue of interest-bearing bonds in the time of peace," and the Pres-ident and Secretary are criticised for issu-(Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, May 16 .- The split between the Liberals and the Irish members of Parliament over the education bill, which gave the government a major ty of 267, has been the leading feature of home politics during the week. The matter s warmly discussed in all the newspapers. The Liberals are very bitter against the Irish for supporting the government, especially as the Irish are apparently prepared to support the agricultural the Young Men's Sound Currency Club, has been formed and has enrolled 1,247 names rating bill if its provisions are extended to the sympathy of the Nonconformists, who, Men's Sound Currency Club has engaged it is alleged, are now convinced that the Congressman Patterson, of Tennessee, to an-Irish vote is controlled by the priests. Thus the cry that "home rule means Rome rule" free-silver side so far has no organization, while the Sound Currency Club has a week's start and is pushing the campaign with is again raised in some quarters. The two home rule organs-the Daily News and the Daily Chronicle-claim to regard the situation as very serious. The paper first named | fearful cruelty. publishes letters on the subject from leading Nonconformists, such as the Rev. Guiness | no Dr. Berry. Mr. Rogers declares that the Rev. Hughes writes that the vote shows that the Irish home rule party is the Rome rule party, adding: "And that, when the time comes to the point, they will sacrifice home rule, political gratitude and every other consideration to the wishes of the priests." Though the Liberais and Nonconformists undoubtedly exaggerate the gravity of the the home rule campaign in England. reaffirming the gold standard plank of the

The Speaker to-day, referring to the split, says: "We do not wish to use hard words to the Irish home-rulers who deliberately broke the alliance with their political friends in England, but it canot be denied that the vote proves that they are under the domina-tion of the priests, and by the vote have placed themselves in an entirely different position in regard to the English parties. The step may lead to very momentous con-

On the other hand, it is believed in some circles that the Irish have become convinced that they have nothing but promises to expect from the Liberals under any consideraion, and that therefore they are placing their hopes on the Conservatives, whose pro-posed land legislation for Ireland is undoubt-The name of Congressman Woodman, who now represents the district, was not presented to the convention. edly well intended and has been well received. According to the statement published a committee representing the so-called Radical party will shortly issue a manifesto significantly omitting all reference to home rule. Its energies will be directed to advocating the abolition of the House of Lords. Signs Are Not Wanting that Its Star

> The remarkable activity in the bicycle trade during the past six months is causing an industrial revolution at Birmingham and other centers. Thousands of skilled mechanics have deserted the gun-making and other industries for the bicycle factories, where they are working double time and are earning big wages. Incidentally, American bicycles are making headway here. At first they were strongly condemned. The Chronicle observes, in this connection, that "Brit-ish makers must reduce the weight and simplify the adjustments of bicycles or suffer greatly from comparison with the American wheels, which are five to seven pounds lighter." Land and Water learns that a new bicycle invention, which is looked on as likely to supersede pneumatic tires, is shortly to be presented to the public. It is vaguey described as a frame bicycle, pneumatically siung, while the wheels are are solidtired. Thus, it is claimed, there is no danger of puncture, the resistance is perfect, there s an entire absence of vibrations and the nachines can be produced at half the cost of the present machines.

The Anglo-Egyptian expedition up the Nile s proceeding without the slightest hitch. The Dervishes appear to be temporarily demoralized, though they may be simply biding their time and preparing to strike a powerful blow when the right moment arheat of summer passes away. When the ad-Bairam festival. On that occasion he expects crowds of Arabs to pour into Omdur-man and he proposes to take advantage of the move to reinforce frontier posts from their ranks. Finally, it is rumored that the Khaliffa is prepared on the first serious re-verse to bolt from the central Soudan. It was rumored at Suakim to-day that the Khaliffa was dead, but the report was not

Commenting on the Cuban question, the Saturday Review expresses the opinion that it is inevitable that American aid and sympathy for the insurgents will increase and that it is equally inevitable that popular feeling in Spain against American interference will ere long reach an intensity which the Senor Canovas del Castillo can only ignore at the risk of destroying himself and probably the dynasty as well. Continuing, the Saturday Review says: "No diplomacy can be of any lasting use where deep, natural grudges like this sway the peoples." al grudges like this sway the peoples."
The Globe expresses the opinion that if
the Laurada succeeds in aiding the Cubans
the United States will hardly be able to resist a Spanish claim for damages, adding that the case of the Laurada is stronger than that of the Alabama, and that by international law the United States is unquestionably responsible for the very in-jury the Laurada does to Spain.

SCENES AT MOSCOW.

The Old Town Ready for the Corona tion of the Czar and Czarina. MOSCOW, May 16 .- This old town is rapdly filling up with visitors from all parts of the world, who have come to witness the ceremonies attending the coronation of the Czar and Czarina, which will extend over a period of three weeks, beginning, according the to programme, with the arrival of their Majesties at the Petrovski Palace, outside this city, on Monday, and concluding with their departure for St. Petersburg on June 7. The streets are filled with people of all nations and with delegations from all parts of Russia. The weather up to the present has been a little too cold to be pleasant, but a change is expected before the fetes begin. A question regarding the precedence of Prince Hepry of Prussia, representing Emperor William of Germany, and the Duke of Connaught, representing Queen Victoria, has been settled in favor of the latter. The American legation is the center of attraction for the Americans here. The latter are headed by Gen. A. McD. McCook, representing President Cleveland, and the legation has been his headquarters. The building is well situated and affords a fine view of the boulevards. It is very handsomely decorated inside.

glided, and the richly tinted towers are most picturesque. The public is freely admitted, and there is a constant procession of pilgrims to the Uspenski Cathedral.

A decree has been promulgated prohibiting during the fetes riding on horseback or on bicycles in the streets or boating on the river. This step was taken in view of the immense crowds of the people expected here.

An expert employed by the British Home Office has examined Mrs. Annie Dyer, the alleged wholesale murderer of bables in-trusted to her care, and has declared her to

A dispatch to the London Daily News from Constantinople says that the hin-drances to the movement of American mis-sionaries in the interior of Turkey have

THE INCREASE OF HOMICIDE. Appalling Statistics-False Sentiment

Against Capital Punishment. The clergymen of Charlotte, N. C., and the surrounding country took a step on a recent Sunday that may well serve as an example to clergymen in other districts where lynchings occur. As a result of the local discussion of the appalling extent of this form of lawlessness, they devoted their sermons to a denunciation of it. It would doubtless be well to give pulpit attention to the still more appalling prevalence of homicide in general throughout the whole country. The statistics of crime published by the Chicago Tribune every year, and the recent lecture of Dr. Andrew D. White, ex-minister to Berlin and St. Petersburg on the increase of murand St. Petersburg, on the increase of murder, make it imperative that public sentiment United States in 1895 at 10,500. The increase during the past seven years has been so great as to be almost incredible, the number in 1889 being 3.567. The total number during this period is 47,469, which is an increase from 58 to 155 in the million of population.

Taking these figures as a basis of a prophecy. Dr. White thus pictures the fate that awaits thousands of Americans the coming year: "To-day, this 10th day of are doomed to death in the United States in the year which begins this day over ten thousand persons, who will be executed murderously, cruelly, without opportunity to take leave of those they love, without opportunity to make provision for those depending upon them; and all of this muldepending upon them; and all of this multitude of persons, who have committed no crime, will be put to death without the slightest regard for the fearful distress and sorrow, and, in many cases, beggary of their families. Fully two-thirds of these murders will be due to this easy going, maudlin sentiment in the community at large, miscalled mercy, but really most But, shocking as this presentation is and adequate as it should be to evoke the most iveness the need of such sentiment. They

relate to the inadequate punishment of homicides and the abnormal exercise of 'executive clemency." While murders have shockingly increased, the number of legal executions has steadily diminished. In 1890 one murderer in forty-five was legally executed; in 1895 only one in seventy-four. At the same time there has been an increese of illegal executions, that is to say lynchings, which numbered 171 in 1895 against 132 legal ones. The aversion to capital punishment does not explain the immunity of homicides from all punishment. Of the 42,000 homicides that have escaped legal and illegal execution during the past six years only 7,351 are in prison. The rest are at large ready to repeat their crimes. Is it any wonder that some cynical judge once exclaimed that "the taking of life for the highest crime after due pro-cess of law seems to be the only way of taking life to which the average American

has any objection. Even when murderers escape from the gal surance that they will be called upon to suffer the milder penalty pronounced against them. Owing to the lack of a powerful public opinion against the practice, Gov-ernors are too prone to accede to the reany criminal, however odious, appears to be able to get presented in his behalf. Dr. White mentions the case of Governor Tay 1892. One of his last acts was to pardon eighteen men, several of whom had committed willful and brutal murders. During the four years that he served as Governor he pardoned 801 men, the list of whose of-fenses "includes every crime in the calendar." But Southern Governors are not the only offenders. Dr. White cites acts of Gov-ernors of Illinois, Michigan and New York. During the last month of Governor Hill's term of office he pardoned fifteen men from prison, and during the last day of his term, six, two of whom were murderers serving

The creation of a proper public sentiment, a "deep, determined, fruitful indignation toward wrong and crime," such as President Woolsey sought to arouse in his sermon on "Righteous Anger," would produce the most beneficent results. In the first place, it would bring to an end that repulsive sympathy for murderers that takes the form of fioral contributions to them and notes of maudlin sympathy. In the second place, it would make impossible the getting up of monster petitions like that in behalf of "Bat" Shea, which is said to have been signed by 25,000 persons. In the third place, the executive power would feel it incumbent upon it to exercise clemency very sparingly. In the fourth place, there would be a reform of the same of judicial procedure that would make it impossible for men gullty of murder to escape upon technicalities. In the fifth place, the creation of a proper public sentiment would effect a general curbing of the homocidal instinct. And, finally, it would furnish a necessary basis for those preventive and re-formatory measures which, to be effective, must always be founded on a righteous but not revengeful justice.

SPECIALISTS OF LARGE INCOMES. Physicians Who Sometimes Earn Their Fees, Easily.

A visit in the morning to the office of any of the specialists who have succeeded in esrison Suakim has given great satisfaction tablishing themselves in business in this city will make it clear why so many young medical students are possessed of the philanto the Nile expedition. The operations will thropic intention of devoting their careers be commenced in earnest after the great to alleviating a single human ill. The usual office hours are from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. heat of summer passes away. When the advance begins everything that is possible to do towards insuring the success of the expedition will have been done. Spies report that the Emperor of Dongola has appealed to the Khaliffa for reinforcements, declaring he is unable to oppose the Egyptian troops with the present force at his disposal. The Khaliffa, it is added, has sent reinforcements to Dongola from Berber, but he is said to be afraid to dispatch troops from Omdurman and to be anxiously awaiting the Bairam festival. On that occasion he extends to the first class is \$10 for the first consultation and \$5 for each subsequent interview. The physicians who are at the very top in their special branches of the medical profession have a higher scale of fees. From these figures one may calculate incomes of specialists, ranging upward from ten, twenty and thirty thousand dollars a year. That is from their During that time from two to twenty pa-tients will generally be found waiting their ranging upward from ten, twenty and thirty thousand dollars a year. That is from their office practice in the morning. In addition they have the afternoon in which to visit patients and to perform operations. The fees charged for performing operations are exceedingly high in special cases, so that altogether the specialist is very well rewarded for whatever peculiar skill and knowledge he may have acquired.

The proceedings at one of the interviews between specialist and patient are sometimes of a simplicity surprising to a layman, and the physician seems to earn his fee easily. Not long ago, when it came a man's turn to be admitted into the consultation seems of an aculist of his back. tation room of an oculist of high standing in

this city, the physician requested him to wait a moment while he attended to another patient. The other patient was then admitted into the room. It was a young girl, who was accompanied by her mother. The who was accompanied by her mother. The oculist merely raised the girl's eyelid, looked at the eye, and told the mother to bring her daughter back in three days. For this performance he accepted the usual fee of \$5. The proceeding lasted about one minute.

Often people who are being fitted with glasses are told to return again and again to the oculist while he goes over the measurements, until the patients are profoundly impressed with the conviction that while it impressed with the conviction that while it is well to be careful, it must also be exceedingly profitable.

Oculists are not alone among specialists as regards earning their fees with apparent as regards earning their fees with apparent ease. For instance, some physicians who make a specialty of skin complaints seem to be equally fortunate. The man who saw the oculist charge \$5 for a minute's work told some friends about it. When he got through his experience was capped by a man who went for treatment to a skin specialist of the same standing as the oculist.

"I had a light attack of eczema," he said "I went to him, was assured that my case was curable, got a prescription and paid \$10. I never had any trouble since. But the doctor had told me to come back to him in a week, and I went. Then he told me to come back in another week. me to come back in another week, and I did so. Each visit cost me \$5. Finally I asked him how much longer he thought I'd have to go there. He said about a year. Then I stopped off short and saved about \$260 in fees, and haven't regretted it since.
The trouble with him was that he cured me too quick." This physician, like the others referred to is of the highest standing in his profession, does not advertise and hates quacks. Many of his patients are women who show less strength of mind than the man who told

The Young Man Lied. New York Mail and Express. At the electrical show last evening a Bed-Rock



Bed-Rock Prices.....

Dollars Doubled!

Dollars Trebled!

... DURING THE ...

## rustee Sal

Money Made and Saved Without Labor.

Another phenomenal Saturday has come and gone. More people came than ever. More people bought than ever. With each succeeding week the values continue to grow greater. As the lots grow small they are sujected to still greater reductions. There are in stock, left from styles that were complete last week, about 150 frock suits, possibly 35 different patterns, which are offered Monday and Tuesday at a price that will close them out

Frock Suits that were \$20 and \$18, and had been reduced to \$12.50,

Frock Suits that were \$15.00 and \$12.00, and had been reduced to \$9.00,

-ALL SIZES FROM 35 TO 42

Hundreds—yes, thousands—of good selections to be had in regular stock at a saving of 35 to 50 per cent. I wish to close out all the House Coats and Bath Robes at once. The following prices

50 House Coats that sold from \$4.50 to \$6.50...... 

Buy your Summer Clothing for the boy while you can save so much money on your purchase. Buy your Straw Hats now! Buy your Furnishings now!

## LEW WALLACE, Jr., Trustee.

side, into which the electric wires have not been introduced. The man with her was evidently her husband, and he, too, expressed deep regret that the family could not at once possess an electrical cooking outfit, especially as the warm weather is at

should move them out in a few days:

"But never mind, dear," he said, "perhaps next summer we'll be able to afford one and I'll have a carving ray attachment added for your special benefit."

"What's that, Dick?" she inquired.

"It's a new application of this Roentgen ray discovery. We've got one at the club and it's a great success. It is a thick mat which you put under the plate that has a

which you put under the plate that has a duck or any other object that is difficult to carve, on it, turn a little button, and the rays reveal every bone and joint, and the duck is as easy to carve as a bowl of oat-"O Dick, won't that be perfectly lovely,"

she answered as she gave his arm a squeeze. "Just to think of me being able to carve a duck without botching it." And I passed on deeply impressed with the truth of the saying that men are deceivers ever, THE HEM OF THE GARMENT.

The Greatest Influence of Any Human Life Is Unconscious.

Very few readers of the New Testament probably ever stop to think how brief the liography of Christ is, and how much must have been omitted from the narrative. There must have been another history of the divine teacher, written, not by the hands of his disciples, but in the hearts of those whom he had cheered and helped and healed by the way. There must have been a beau-tiful unwritten gospel passed from mouth to mouth for many generations, the light of which faded very slowly as the night of barbarism and wandering came on. For a personality like Christ's, filled with divine compassion and love, must have poured itself out in a thousand unseen rivulets as well as in the great channels so definitely marked in the New Testament story. There must have been thousands to whom he spoke marked in the New Testament story. There must have been thousands to whom he spoke words which were not recorded; there must have been multitudes whose lives were renewed by his power of whom no mention is made. As this was true of the divinest personality known to men, so it is also true of every human personality. The most searching and influential power that issues from any human life is that of which the person himself is largely unconscious. from any human life is that of which the person himself is largely unconscious. It flows from him in every form of occupation, in every relationship, in rest or in work, in slience or in speech, at home or abroad. There are hosts of men and women who are healers and teachers and helpers almost without consciousness of the fact.
Light shines from them and help flows from
them at times when they are utterly unconscious that the hem of the garment is
being touched. The real test of the possession of the highest power of character and
the most perfect devotion to the noblest
things in life is not the quality of the direct touch; it is the presence of the virtue even in the hem of the garment.

CENT

Bottle of CUTICURA RESOL-VENT, greatest of humor cures, is often sufficient to complete a permanent cure of the most torturing and disfiguring of skin, scalp, and blood humors. SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD HUMORS. — Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESULVENT, greatest of humor cures. Sold throughout the world. Price, Curreura, 50c.; Soar, 23c.; Resouvery, 50c. and \$1. Potter Drugard Curs. Corp., Sole Props. Boston.

DEF "How to Cure Every Humor," mailed free.

egation has been his headquarters. The uliding is well situated and affords a fine liew of the boulevards. It is very handiew of the boulevards. It is very handiew of the decorations of the Kremlin are about ompleted, the domes have been freshly

At the electrical show last evening a young woman was enthusing over the application of the system to household cooking and bewailing the fact that it could not be at once utilized in her own domestic establishment, which, I gleaned from what she said, is a modest flat on the upper West

WM.M. BIRD, Jr. & CO., 29 East Market Street

The Finest Exclusive Men's Shoe Store in the State. More different styles than all Indianapolis combined. The genuine Finest sian Handmade Tan and all the New Shades \$5. A new at ... Full Dress Patent Calf, something new for stylish dressers, will be ready for sale Monday morning. Northwest Wash. & Penn.

For Sultry Weather There Is No Better

**Promoter of Comfort** 

Skeleton Suits

Come and see the many fabrics we have that are available for this wear. We sold many last summer; we expect to sell more

KAHN TAILORING CO.

22 and 24 East Washington St.



Decorating

38 SOUTH ILLINOIS ST.